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BASF Research Press Conference
on December 10, 2020

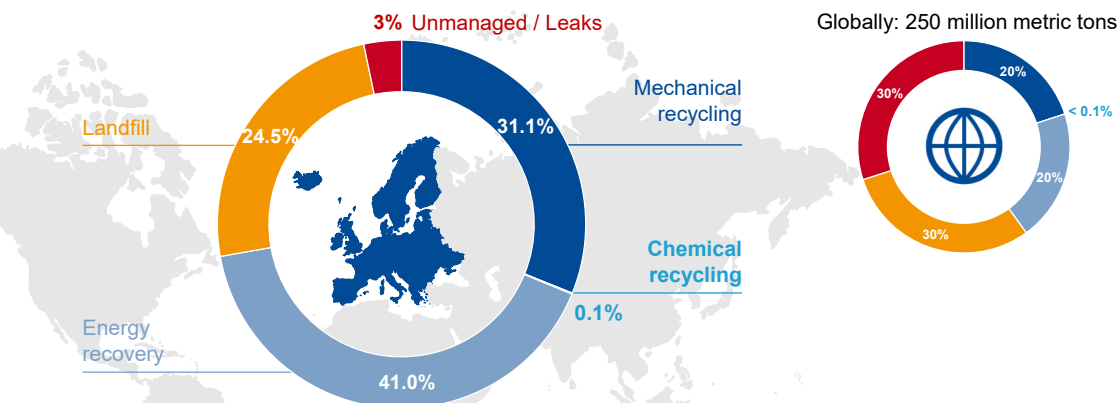
Chemical recycling: Turning plastic waste into chemical feedstock

Dr. Christian Lach
Project Lead ChemCycling™

BASF Research Press Conference 2020

Today's recycling landscape for plastic waste

Fate of 30 million metric tons of plastic waste generated in EU28+2 in 2018



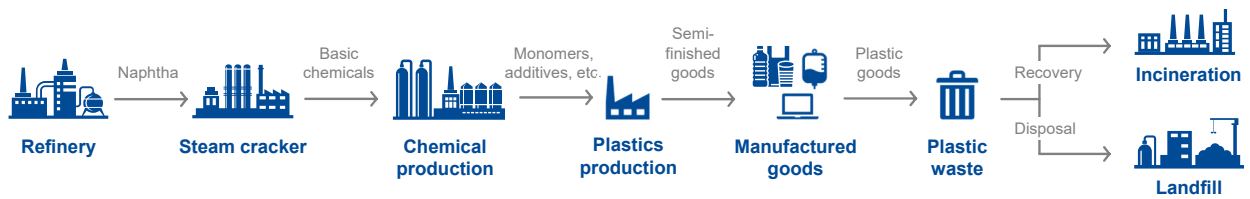
Only one third of all plastic waste is kept in the materials cycle in EU28+2.

Source: Conversio, "Circular Economy of Plastics 2018 EU28+2", September 2019 // Conversio, "Global Plastics Flow 2018", February 2020

2

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Chemical recycling can increase the overall amount of plastic waste recycled

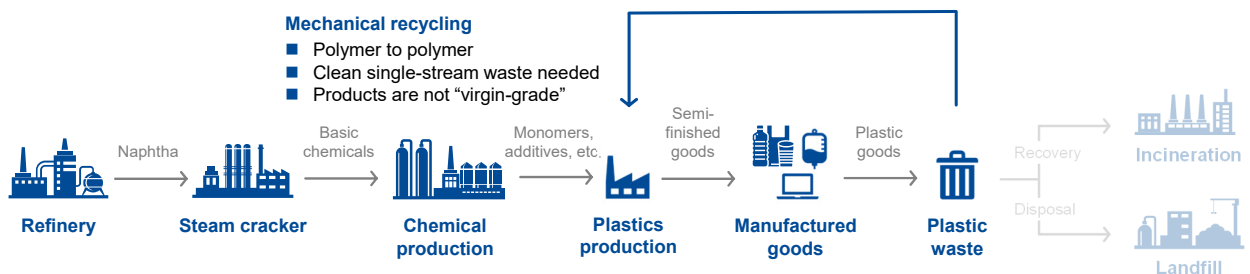


ChemCycling™ is complementary to mechanical recycling.

3



Chemical recycling can increase the overall amount of plastic waste recycled

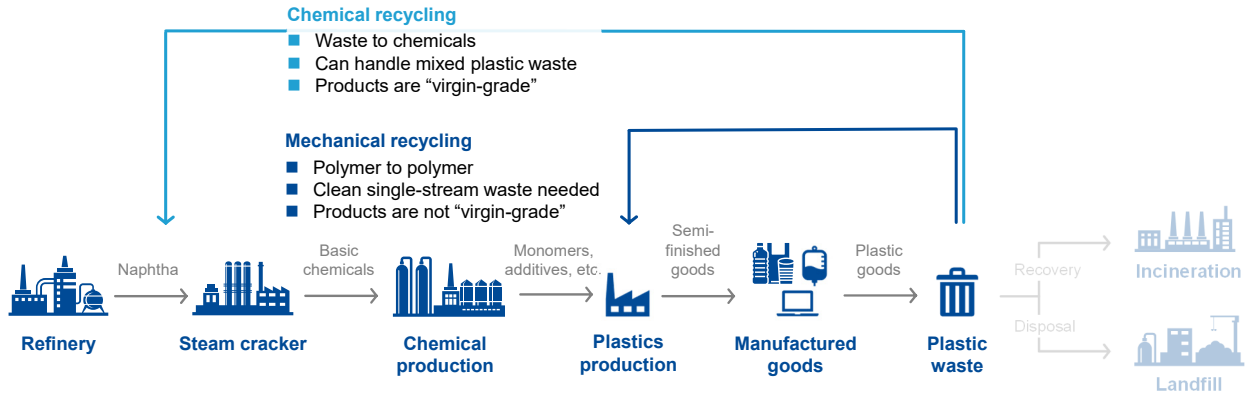


ChemCycling™ is complementary to mechanical recycling.

4



Chemical recycling can increase the overall amount of plastic waste recycled



ChemCycling™ is complementary to mechanical recycling.



Towards a stable and scalable chemical recycling process



ChemCycling™: technological challenges

The purification challenge



How do we achieve the necessary specification of pyrolysis oil for use in the BASF Verbund?

The scale-up challenge



How can pyrolysis technology be scaled-up best for commercial use?

BASF addresses these challenges with partner companies.



7

ChemCycling™: technological challenges

The purification challenge



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8

The purification challenge

Plastics demand distribution (51.2 million metric tons)

by resin types 2018 in EU28+2

Polyethylene (PE)



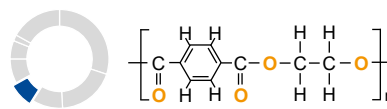
Polypropylene (PP)



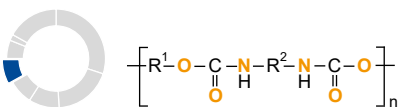
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)



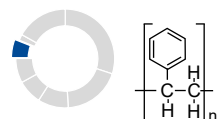
Polyethylene terephthalate (PET)



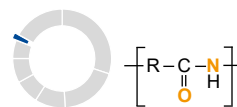
Polyurethane (PUR)



Polystyrene (PS) + EPS



Polyamide (PA)



Others



Waste plastic feedstock contains a variety of chemical structures and a significant amount of heteroatoms, e.g., chlorine, nitrogen, oxygen.

Source: PlasticsEurope, Plastics – the Facts 2019

9

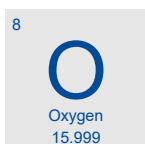
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The purification challenge: chemistry matters

Why heteroatoms are undesirable in pyrolysis oil



↓
Corrosion



↓
“Blue liquids” may be formed,
which create explosion risk for
steam cracker



↓
Corrosion,
catalyst poison

Purification is essential for pyrolysis oil.
The use in existing assets demands narrow specifications.

10

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Quantafuel and BASF collaborate to supply the BASF Verbund with pyrolysis oil

- Unique integrated process of pyrolysis of mixed plastic waste and purification into a secondary raw material
- Catalytic **purification** happens at ambient pressure
- Flexibility in scale enables optimization of the supply chain setup
- 16kt/a plant in Skive, Denmark (world's largest plastic pyrolysis plant) with first-generation catalyst is operating



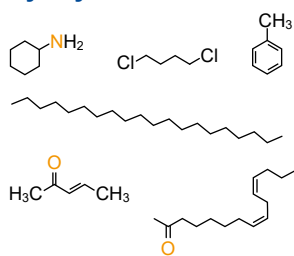
In Skive, Quantafuel is realizing its process for the first time at full-scale – with BASF's support.

11

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Deep Dive purification: catalytic cracking and hydrogenation of plastic waste

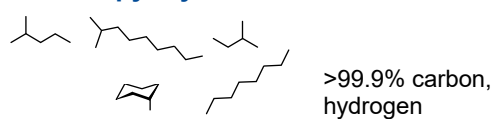
Pyrolysis feed



Purification catalysts



Purified pyrolysis oil



Contaminant Stream



Catalyst performance is key to meet the demanding specifications of chemical industry.

12

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Tackling the purification challenge in collaboration with hte GmbH in Heidelberg

- hte tests catalysts under industrially relevant conditions in high-throughput reactor systems with up to 48 reactors in parallel
- hte supports our partners in optimizing the catalyst by screening
 - ▶ chemical composition
 - ▶ morphology
- hte enables a fully automated and digitalized testing workflow with efficient data management



Catalyst optimization targets yield, service life and energy consumption.

hte

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13

ChemCycling™: technological challenges

The **purification**
challenge



How do we achieve the necessary specification of pyrolysis oil for use in the BASF Verbund?

The **scale-up**
challenge



How can pyrolysis technology be scaled-up best for commercial use?

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14

Tackling the scale-up challenge with our supercomputer Quiriosity

Fluid dynamics

- Change of flow regime (turbulent / laminar)
- Performance of mechanical mixing
- 3-phase flow (dust, suspension, coking, bubbles, etc.)
- Internal backflow

Heat transfer

- Area to volume ratio changes
- Dead zones
- Fouling

Kinetics

- Impact from local flow regime and temperature
- Change of limiting step (macroscopic or pore transport)
- Secondary reactions

In silico studies can reduce the upscale-risk and shorten the time to market.

1.75 PetaFLOPs

Quantafuel and BASF are jointly solving the challenges

- Improving purification reactor performance
 - ▶ Catalyst improvement
 - ▶ Reactor design
- Successful scale-up
 - ▶ BASF provides chemical engineering expertise
 - ▶ BASF supports with local, hands-on support in Skive
- Developing next-generation process
 - ▶ Pyrolysis reactor
 - ▶ Naphtha catalyst

Combining Quantafuel's and BASF's expertise will make the scale-up happen.



Chemical Recycling Next steps



ChemCycling™ is a key contributor to BASF's commitment to use 250,000 metric tons of recycled feedstock annually by 2025.


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