

Cautionary note regarding forward-looking statements

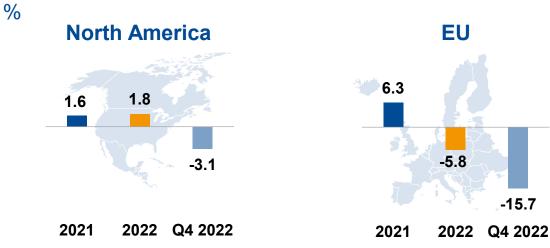
This presentation contains forward-looking statements. These statements are based on current estimates and projections of the Board of Executive Directors and currently available information. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of the future developments and results outlined therein. These are dependent on a number of factors; they involve various risks and uncertainties; and they are based on assumptions that may not prove to be accurate. Such risk factors include those discussed in Opportunities and Risks on pages 157 to 167 of the BASF Report 2022. BASF does not assume any obligation to update the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation above and beyond the legal requirements.

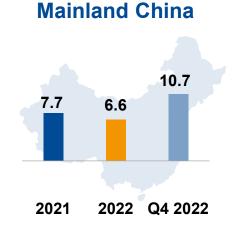




Global chemical production grew by 2.2% in the full year 2022 and by only 1.0% in Q4 2022

Chemical production compared with prior year¹







Growth rates

%	2022	2021
Global GDP	3.0	6.1
Global industrial production	2.5	6.2
Global chemical production	2.2	6.1

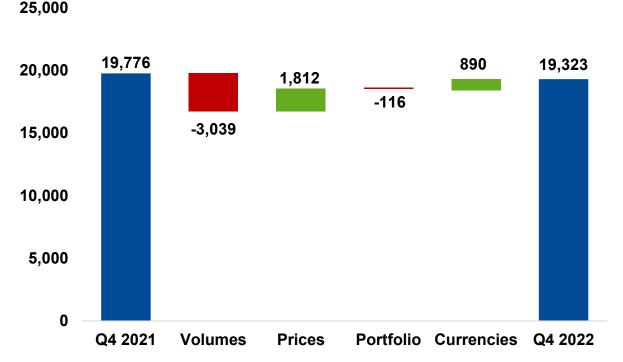
¹ Source: BASF, Q4 2022 partly based on estimates. Data sources: IHS, Oxford Economics, NBS China, Feri, Fed, Eurostat, METI, ONS. All data subject to statistical revision. Growth rates for regional aggregates might differ from official data releases due to different country coverage and weights.



Q4 2022: Sales decreased slightly, mainly due to lower volumes

Sales bridge Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021

Million €



- Sales decreased by 2.3% to €19,323 million
- Volumes declined by 15.4%
 - Agricultural Solutions increased volumes slightly, all other segments recorded lower volumes
 - Excluding precious metals volumes, BASF Group sales volumes declined by 12.7%
- Prices increased by 9.2%
 - All segments increased prices, except for Chemicals
- Portfolio effects of minus 0.6% were mainly related to the sale of the kaolin minerals business
- Currency effects of plus 4.5%, mainly from the U.S. dollar

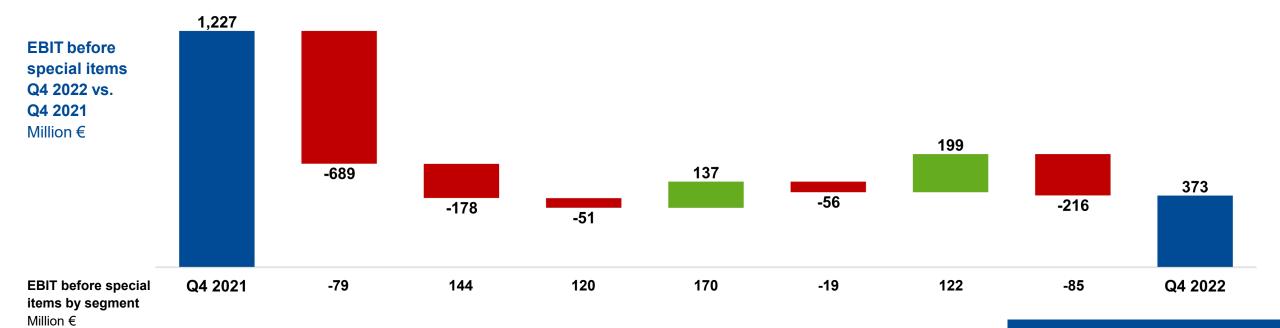
Sales development





Q4 2022: BASF's EBIT before special items declined primarily due to lower contributions from the upstream segments

BASF Industrial Surface Nutrition Agricultural BASF
Group Chemicals Materials Solutions Technologies & Care Solutions Other Group



■ BASF
We create chemistry

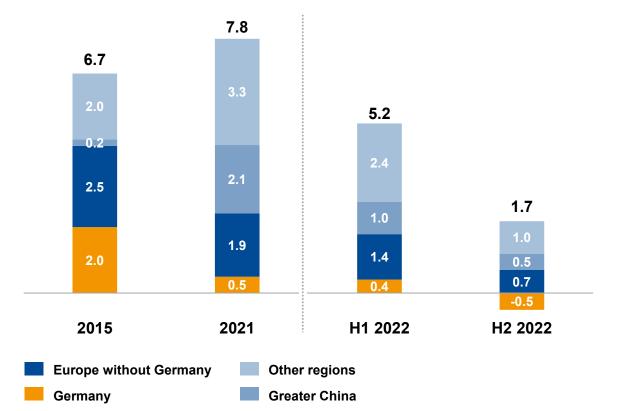
BASF Group Q4 2022 and full year 2022: Financial figures

Financial figures	Q4 2022	Change	FY 2022	Change
	Million €	%	Million €	%
Sales	19,323	-2.3	87,327	11.1
EBITDA before special items	1,401	-35.7	10,762	-5.2
EBITDA	1,389	-38.3	10,748	-5.3
EBIT before special items	373	-69.6	6,878	-11.5
EBIT	119	-90.3	6,548	-14.7
Net income	-4,847		-627	



Competitiveness in Europe declined – negative operational earnings in Germany in 2022

EBIT before special items of BASF Group Billion €



- In 2015, Germany, Europe <u>excluding</u> Germany, and the other regions each contributed around one-third
- In 2021, Europe <u>including</u> Germany contributed only one-third, while the other regions contributed two-thirds

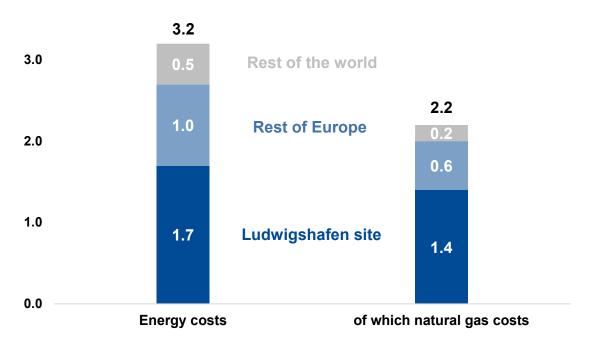
2022:

- 1st half: Strongest ever half-year earnings
- 2nd half: Sharp decline, especially in Germany, where earnings were negative



In the full year 2022, BASF incurred €3.2 billion higher costs for energy globally

Additional energy costs¹ 2022 vs. 2021 Billion €



Full year 2022 compared with 2021:

- €3.2 billion higher energy costs globally
- €2.2 billion related to higher natural gas costs globally
- €2.0 billion additional costs for natural gas in Europe, despite ~33% lower gas consumption:
 - BASF's natural gas demand in Europe 2022:
 ~32 TWh versus ~48 TWh in 2021
- €1.4 billion higher natural gas costs at the Ludwigshafen site, despite ~35% lower gas consumption:
 - BASF's natural gas demand at the Ludwigshafen site
 2022: ~24 TWh versus ~37 TWh in 2021



Recent developments relating to Wintershall Dea AG

Recent developments in Russia

- Wintershall Dea has been economically expropriated in Russia
- Wintershall Dea has practically no longer any possibility of exerting influence on its holdings in Russia

Wintershall Dea's decision to fully exit Russia

- Continuing to operate in Russia is not tenable
- Therefore, Wintershall Dea intends to fully exit Russia in an orderly manner complying with all applicable legal obligations

Earnings and cash flow impact on BASF Group level

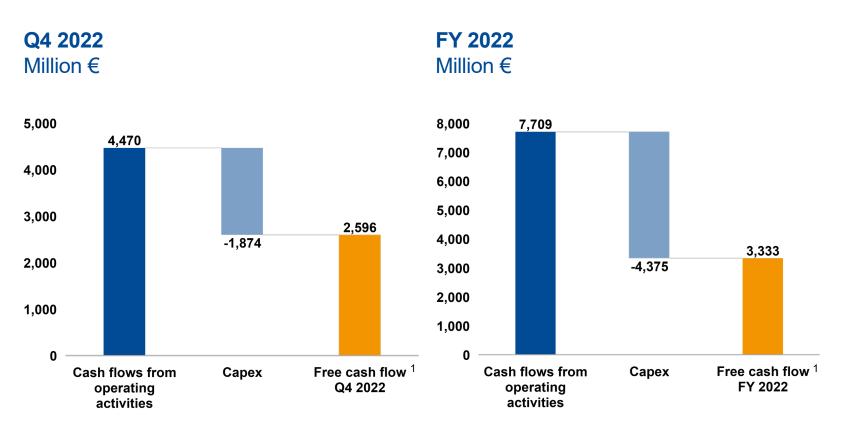
- Non-cash-effective impairments amounted to €6.5 billion in 2022, of which €4.7 billion in Q4 2022, reducing net income from shareholdings accordingly
- Wintershall Dea transferred around €1 billion in dividends to BASF and thus made a strong contribution to the BASF Group's cash flow in 2022

Monetization of Wintershall Dea

BASF is standing by its strategic goal of selling its share in Wintershall Dea



Strong operating cash flow development in Q4 2022 lifted full-year free cash flow to more than €3.3 billion



Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021

- Cash flows from operating activities increased by €1.1 billion to €4.5 billion
- Changes in net working capital led to a cash inflow of €3.5 billion
- Cash flows from investing activities amounted to -€1.9 billion compared with -€692 million
- Payments made for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets rose by 26% to €1.9 billion
- Free cash flow increased by €749 million to €2 6 billion



¹ Free cash flow: cash flows from operating activities minus payments made for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

BASF Group 2022: Overview of financial and non-financial targets

	target	status
Grow sales volumes faster than global chemical production every year	>2.2%	-7.0%
Increase EBITDA before special items by 3% to 5% per year		-5.2%
Achieve a return on capital employed (ROCE) ¹ considerably above the cost of capital percentage every year	>9%	10.0%
Increase the dividend per share every year based on a strong free cash flow		€3.40 ⁴
Reduce our absolute CO₂ emissions ² by 25% to 16.4 million metric tons by 2030 (baseline 2018) ³	≤20.2 million metric tons	18.4 million metric tons



2022

2022

¹ Return on capital employed is a measure of the profitability of our operations. We calculate ROCE as the EBIT generated by the segments as a percentage of the average cost of capital basis.

² The goal includes scope 1 and scope 2 emissions. Other greenhouse gases are converted into CO₂ equivalents according to the Greenhouse Gas Protocol.

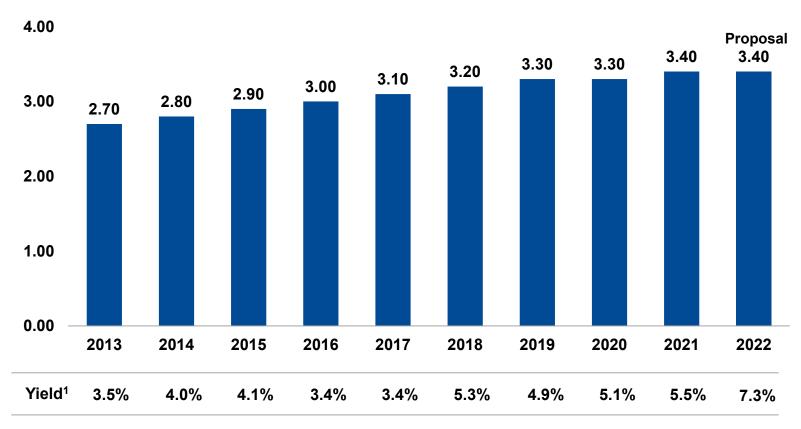
³ 2030 target compared with 1990: 60% CO₂ reduction

⁴ Dividend proposal to Annual Shareholders Meeting

Attractive shareholder return – also in challenging times

Dividend per share





Key facts 2022

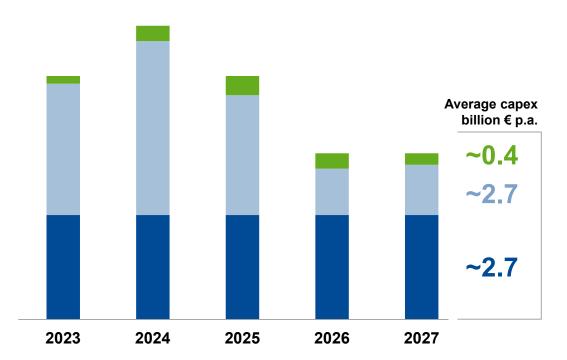
- Dividend proposal to Annual Shareholders' Meeting of €3.40 per share
- In total, we would pay out €3.0 billion², which is fully covered by our free cash flow of €3.3 billion
- Dividend yield of 7.3% based on the share price of €46.39 at year end 2022

² Based on the 893,854,929 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2022

¹ Dividend yield based on share price at year end

Capex to support future organic growth will peak between 2023 and 2025

Capex budget by type of investment Billion €, 2023–2027

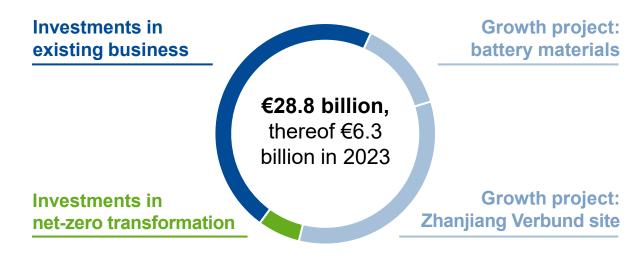


Investments in net-zero transformation

Growth projects: Zhanjiang Verbund site and battery materials

Investments in existing business

Capex budget by type of investment Billion €, 2023–2027





Outlook 2023 for BASF Group

Outlook 2023	
Sales	€84 billion – €87 billion
EBIT before special items	€4.8 billion – €5.4 billion
ROCE	7.2% - 8.0%
CO ₂ emissions	18.1 – 19.1 million metric tons

Underlying assumptions (prior-year figures in parentheses)

1.6% (3.0%) • Growth in gross domestic product:

• Growth in industrial production: 1.8% (2.5%)

2.0% (2.2%) • Growth in chemical production:

Average euro/dollar exchange rate: \$1.05 per euro (\$1.05 per euro)

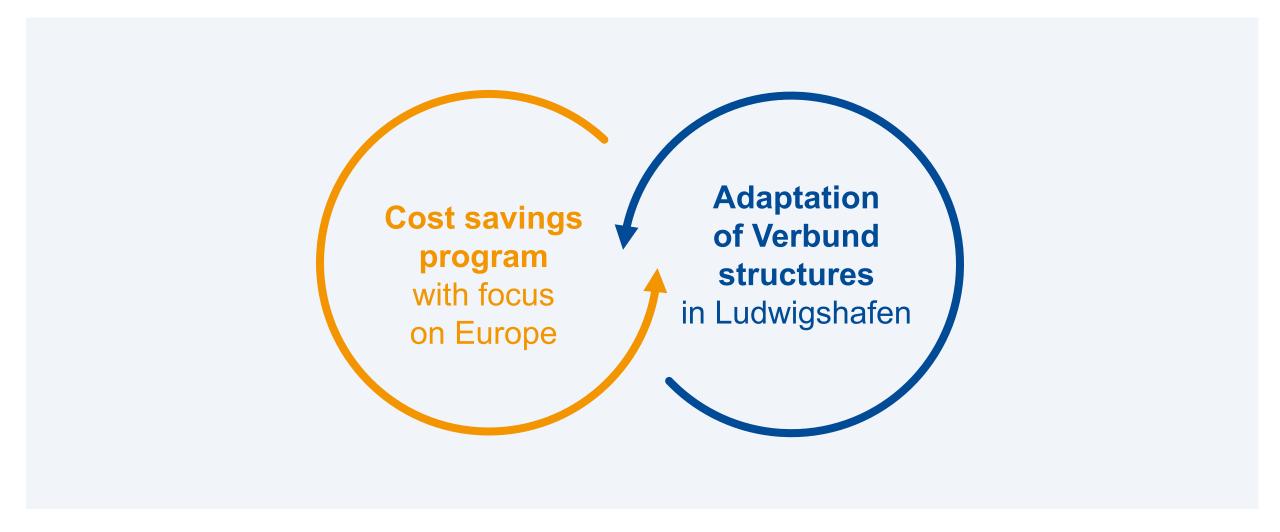
Average annual oil price (Brent crude): \$90 per barrel (\$101 per barrel)







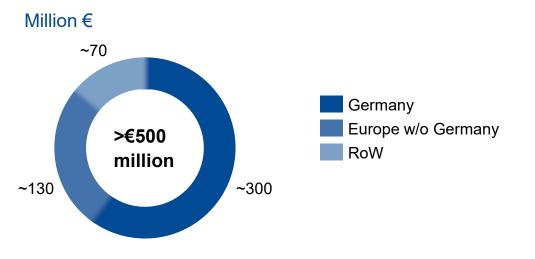
Measures to increase competitiveness





Cost savings program with focus on Europe successfully started

Expected cost savings by the end of 2024



Expected distribution of affected positions



- Annual cost savings of more than €500 million expected to be achieved in non-production areas by the end of 2024; roughly half of the savings to be realized at the Ludwigshafen site
- Key areas for cost savings are service, operating, research & development divisions as well as the corporate center; the focus is on Europe, particularly Germany
- Defined measures include:
 - consistent bundling of services in hubs
 - simplified structures in divisional management
 - phase-out and rightsizing of services and activities
 - re-focusing and efficiency increase of R&D activities
- Net effect on around 2,600 positions expected globally; this figure includes new positions to be created, in particular in hubs
- Expected program costs of around €400 million, including severance packages, training and qualification measures as well as relocation costs
- Employee representatives in all relevant bodies have been and will continue to be involved



Verbund site Ludwigshafen – Today

Energy

Verbund Ludwigshafen

Products

Natural gas

Upstream

Base chemicals to the market

Renewable energy

Fossil raw materials

Downstream

BASF downstream sales products: ~8,000 for Europe and global market

CO₂ emissions

CO2

Renewable raw materials

Raw materials



Thorough analysis of Verbund structures in Ludwigshafen over the last months

Analyzed factors such as

- competitiveness
- production cost
- energy and CO₂ intensity
- contractual obligations
- potential impacts on the workforce

Identified critical structures and interdependencies between key value chains

Increase competitiveness while ensuring continuity of profitable businesses



Stepwise approach streamlines ammonia value chain while limiting impact on profitable downstream businesses

Ammonia value chain¹ Glues & Resins Ammonia #1 Hydroxylamine Urea Polyamide 6 Caprolactam Antwerp Adapt Retain

Rationale

- Reduce exposure to low-margin caprolactam export market and rightsize caprolactam capacity to core European demand
- Ensure caprolactam supply to European customers from BASF's plant in Antwerp, Belgium



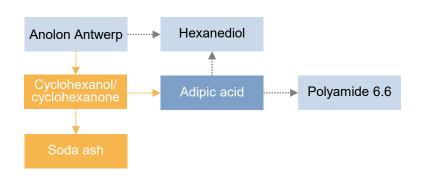
Measures and results

- Closure of caprolactam plant in Ludwigshafen; adaptation of capacities of precursors and by-products with closure of one ammonia plant and fertilizer facilities
- Reshaping of polyamide 6 asset setup in Ludwigshafen to strengthen this core business of BASF
- Overall significant fixed cost reduction and streamlining of asset base; reduced dependency on natural gas and lower CO₂ emissions from operations



Reduction in production scope for adipic acid safeguards profitable captive offtake while enabling further asset optimization

Adipic acid value chain¹



Rationale

- Reduce exposure to low-margin adipic acid merchant market; focus on profitable business and enhance value creation in the value chain via conversion to polyamide 6.6
- Respond to changed European supply/demand situation due to weaker demand development for adipic acid in Europe, Middle East, Africa and significant capacity build-up in Asia



Measures and results

- Reduction of adipic acid production capacity in Ludwigshafen will improve overall cost efficiency;
 the plant setup for adipic acid in Chalampé, France, will remain unchanged
- Polyamide 6.6 capacities in Ludwigshafen will remain unchanged
- Closure of cyclohexanol and cyclohexanone as well as soda ash plants in Ludwigshafen
- Significant reduction of energy demand and correspondingly lower CO₂ emissions adipic acid is one of the major energy consumers in Ludwigshafen





Close

Closure of TDI plant addresses sharp input cost increase and lower market growth

TDI value chain¹ Electrolysis Synthesis gas Nitric acid Adapt Retain

Rationale

- Weak demand development for TDI² in Europe, Middle East, Africa over the past years
- Energy cost environment in Europe has further worsened the situation for TDI production in Ludwigshafen
- TDI plant in Ludwigshafen has not met BASF's expectations in terms of economic performance



Measures and results

- Closure of TDI plant including precursor plants for TDA² and DNT², resulting in significant fixed cost reduction and improved cash-contribution
- Commitment to European TDI customers: Continuous reliable supply is ensured from BASF's global network; overall higher utilization rates of competitive TDI assets in Asia and North America
- Reduced dependency on natural gas and lower CO₂ emissions from operations



¹ Simplified scheme for illustrative purposes

² TDI: Toluene diisocyanate, TDA: Toluenediamine, DNT: Dinitrotoluene

Planned measures structurally improve the competitiveness of BASF's Ludwigshafen site and contribute to net-zero target

Affected production assets

10% of the asset replacement value at the site

Expected affected positions

~700

Fixed cost reduction

>€200 million per year

Power demand

-0.7 TWh/a (~11% of 2021)

Natural gas demand

-4.8 TWh/a (~15% of 2021)

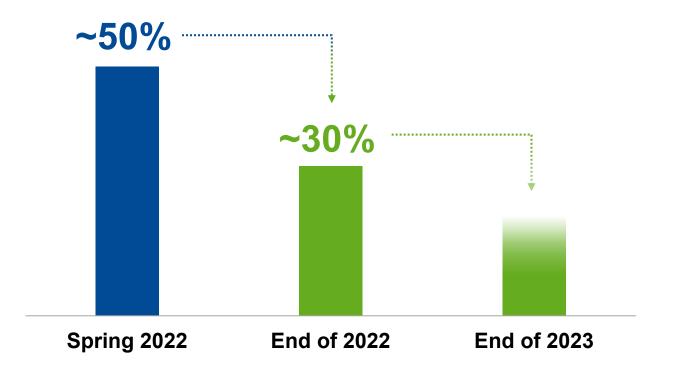
CO₂ emissions¹

-0 9 Mt/a (~12% of 2021)



Technical optimizations and substitution of natural gas significantly lower threshold at which the Ludwigshafen site must be shut down

Gas supply threshold in % based on average consumption in 2021



Measures implemented in 2022

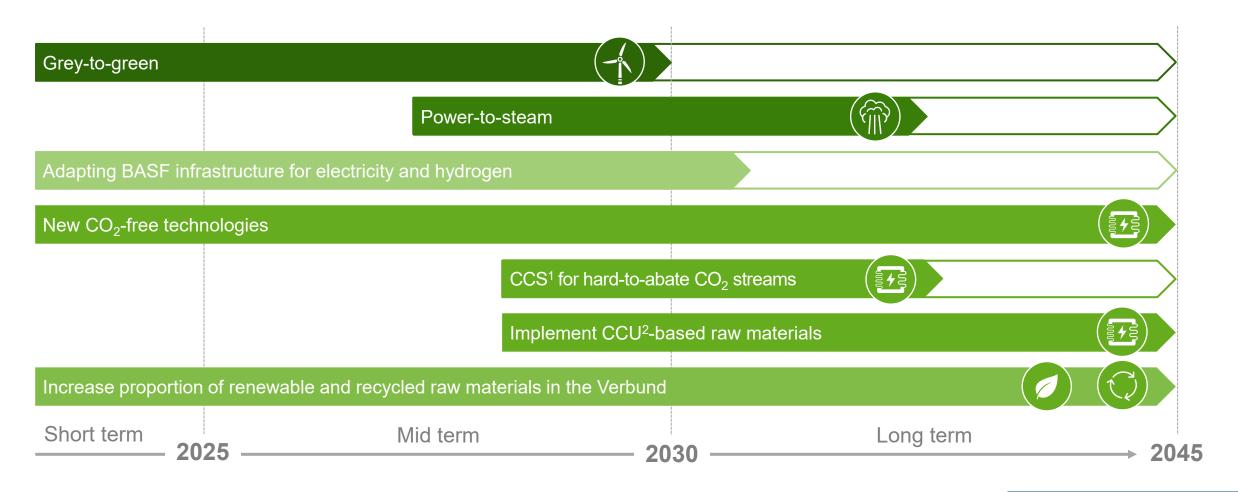
- Optimized steering of the Production Verbund,
 e.g., using the by-product ethane from our steam crackers to feed our acetylene plant
- Increased imports of base chemicals, e.g., ammonia, butanediol; switch to power imports
- Natural gas substituted by fuel oil in steam boilers
- Recommissioning of section of the synthesis gas plant that is independent of natural gas

Measures to be implemented by end of 2023

 Conversion of gas turbines in combined heat and power plants to allow operation with either gas or fuel oil (bivalent operation)



Key pillars to transform the Ludwigshafen Verbund site to net zero by 2045



-BASE

¹ Carbon capture and storage

² Carbon capture and utilization

Verbund site Ludwigshafen – Vision for the future

Energy

Verbund Ludwigshafen

Products

Renewable energy

Emission-free hydrogen

Fossil raw materials

Renewable and recycled raw materials

Upstream



Downstream

Base chemicals to the market

BASF downstream sales products: ~8,000 mainly for Europe

Raw materials

 CO_2

Carbon capture and utilization¹



Measures to increase competitiveness







What BASF stands for

- Competitive advantages through flexible Verbund concept for integrated production
- Strategic focus on local production for local markets and on high-growth market segments, e.g., battery materials
- Industry leader in shaping the transformation to net zero
 CO₂ emissions with an ambitious carbon management program
- Powerful innovation across a broad range of technologies to provide solutions for various customer industries and to increase our productivity
- Diverse team of committed, capable and creative employees
- Long-term shareholder value creation and attractive dividend





We create chemistry